# **Guidance for Determining Cardinality**

# **Properties:**

Properties should be 0..1 to 0..n unless one of the following are true:

- 1. Property has a default value
  - a. Example: isUniversallyUnique in AnnotatedIdentifiable
- 2. Property has a fixed value
  - a. Example: totality, reflexivity, symmetry, transitivity defining profile for a BinaryRelation
- 3. The properties are required for the class to function and the class is always optional
  - a. Example: Content in a StructuredString

#### **Relations:**

### **Source Cardinality:**

The possible number of **SOURCE** instances with which the TARGET object may have the stated relationship.

- All Composition relationship types should have cardinality 0..1 or 1..1 as there is a lifecycle
  dependency between the part (target class) and the whole (source class), i.e. if the whole is
  deleted the part is deleted
  - a. 0..1 is the common case and MUST be used if the target cardinality is 0..n or 1..n.
  - b. 1..1 indicates that the part (the target class) cannot exist except as part of the whole and MUST exist. The target cardinality in this case must be 1..1.
- 2. **Aggregation** relationship types have a target class that has an existence independent of the source class may have the any of the following cardinalities:
  - a. 0..n when the target class can exist independently and belong to multiple source classes
  - b. 0..1 when the target class can exist independently but belong to only one source class
- 3. A Simple Association includes any relationship that does not imply a whole/part relationship
  - a. 0...n would be the default source cardinality

## **Target Cardinality:**

The possible number of TARGET instances with which the SOURCE object may have the stated relationship.

Target cardinality regardless of the relationship type should be 0..1 to 0..n to allow for:

- Flexibility in the process of producing metadata
- Restriction of the source class for its use by a Functional View

Target cardinality should be restricted to 1..1 to 1..n only if the following are true:

- The content of the target class is required for the usefulness of the source
- The information for the class is available at all points in the process of producing metadata where the source class would be used
- Restricting the source class by not including the target class in a Functional View renders the source class unusable
- The relationship is a Composition and the source cardinality is 1..1. Then the target cardinality must be 1..1